Paper Id:

100327

Roll No:				_			

B.TECH (SEM-III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2019-20 **SÚRVEYING & GEOMATICS**

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

Sub Code: KCE302

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Define Surveying and list its principles.	2	1
b.	Differentiate between WCB and QB system of bearings.	2	1
c.	Calculate the true bearing of a line for which magnetic bearing is 46°34' and declination is 5°38' East.	2	1
d.	What do you understand by term degree of a curve?	2	2
e.	Differentiate between Almanac &Ephimeris data.	2	3
f.	How many minimum numbers of satellites are required to obtain a position of a point on earth?	2	3
g.	What do you understand by the term Photogrammetry?	2	4
h.	Differentiate between principal point & nadir point.	2	4
i.	What do you understand by image classification?	2	5
j.	Differentiate between active and passive sensor.	2 0	5

Attempt any three of the following: 2.

Qno.	1	Question		Marks	СО
a.	The following bearings v	10	1		
	LINE	F.B.	ு. ந.ந.		
	PQ	45°45'	\$26°10'		
	QR	96°55'	O 277°5'		
	RS	29°45'	201°10'		
	ST	324°48'	144°48'		
	Determine the corrected	bearings.	V		
b.	Define the term vertical neat sketch.	10	2		
c.	What are object and fie and raster data formats.	ld based models? D	ifferentiate between vector	10	3
d.			aerial camera with the help angle of tilt and angle of	10	4
e.		mote sensing system	n? Discuss the role of EM	10	5

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SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	co
a.	Describe the process of contouring and state the characteristics and methods of locating the contours.	10	1
b.	The top (B) of a tower was sighted from two stations A and C at different levels, the station A and B being in line with top of tower. The angle of elevation from A to the top of tower is 48°31 and that from C to the top of tower was 31°28 The angle of elevation from C to a vane 2 m above the foot of staff held at A was 25°21. The heights of the instrument at A and C were 2.87 m and 2.64 m respectively. The horizontal distance between A and C was 137m and the reduced level of C was 122.78m. Calculate the R.L. of the top of the tower and the horizontal distance from A to the tower.	10	1

4. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	co
a.	Enlist various linear methods of setting out simple circular curve and describe any one of them in detail.		2
b.	Explain the necessity of transition curve and derive the intrinsic equation for ideal transition curve.	10	2

5. Attempt any one part of the following:

 $\sqrt{1.0x1}=10$

		122	
Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Describe the different methods of measuring distance & state the various types of EDM instruments.	10	3
b.	What is a GPS? Explain the different sources of errors in GPS.	10	3

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Derive an expression to obtain scale of a vertical photograph. A vertical photograph was taken at an altitude of 1000 m above MSL. Determine the scale of photograph for terrain lying at an elevations of 100 m if the focal length of the lens is 20 cm.	10	4
b.	Derive parallax equations for determining elevation and ground coordinates of a point.	10	4

7. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain different spectral classes. Discuss the process of supervised and unsupervised classification.	10	5
b.	Explain the process of image enhancement? Describe linear & non linear contrast enhancement process.	10	5