Printed Page 1 of 1

Paper Id: 130326 Roll No: Sub Code:REC301

B. TECH. (SEM-III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19 DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 70

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

 $2 \times 7 = 14$

- a. Define Digital System?
- b. Write the definition of the Duality Theorem?
- c. Define Rise Time?
- d. What is the binary number system?
- e. State the De Morgan's Theorem?
- f. What are the applications of Flip-Flops?
- g. What is the difference between Synchronous and Asynchronous Counters?

SECTION B

2. Attempt any *three* of the following:

 $7 \times 3 = 21$

- a. What are prime implicant and essential prime implicant? simplify the Boolean function using K-Map and identify them $f(a,b,c,d)=\Sigma m(0,1,2,5,6,7,8,9,10,13,14,15)$
- b. Design a combinational logic circuit to check for even parity of three bits.
- c. Using Quine McCluskey method & PI reduction table, determine the minimal SOP expression for the following using decimal notation $f=\Sigma m(1,4,7,9,12,14)+\Sigma d(2,13)$
- d. Write the compressed truth table for a 4 to 2 line priority encoder with a valid output and simplify the same using K-Map. Design the logic circuit for the same.
- e. With the aid of block diagram clearly distinguish between a decoder and encoder.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) Add and multiply the following numbers in the given base without converting to decimal: (i) (123)₄ and (321)₄ (ii) (567)₈ and (234)₈.
- (b) Convert the decimal number 246.8 to base 3, base 5 and base 7.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) Explain about ROM and PROM.
- (b) Draw the basic circuit of the RTL NOR gate. Explain the operation.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) With the help of logic diagram, explain the 4 bit universal shift register using D flip-flops and 4:1 MUX.
- (b) Write the truth table of the SR, JK, D & T flip-flops.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) Simplify following logic function and realize using NOR gates. $f(w,x,y,z)=\pi M(1,2,3,7,10,11)+d(0,15)$ $f(w,x,y,z)=\pi M(3,4,5,6,7,10,11,15)$
- (b) Draw the basic circuit for the DTL NAND gate. Explain the operation.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- (a) What is asynchronous counter? How would you design asynchronous counter?
- (b) Design a BCD counter with JK flip flops.