Time: 3 Hours
Total Marks: 100
Note: Attempt all Sections. If you require any missing data, then choose suitably.
SECTION A
1.
Attempt all questions in brief.

| Qno | Questions | $\mathbf{2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Evaluate $L\left(e^{-t}\right.$ cost $)$. | CO |
| (b) | State convolution theorem for Laplace transform. | 1 |
| (c) | Find the Z-transform of $f(k)=\cos \left(\frac{k \pi}{2}\right), k \geq 0$. | 1 |
| (d) | State change of scale property in Fourier transform. | 2 |
| (e) | Illustrate a relation which is equivalence on a set A, where $A=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$. | 2 |
| (f) | Show that every cyclic group is an abelian group. | 3 |
| (g) | Show by contradiction that $\sqrt{7}$ is irrational number. | 3 |
| (h) | If $f(x)=5 x+1$, find $f^{-1}(x)$. | 4 |
| (i) | Prove the idempotent law: $\quad a * a=a$. | 4 |
| (j) | Describe complemented lattice with an example. | 5 |

## SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

| Qno | Questions | CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | Determine the Laplace transform of periodic function defined by the triangular wave function with period of 2a, $f(t)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl} \frac{t}{a} & 0 \leq t \leq a \\ \frac{2 a-t}{a} & a \leq t \leq 2 a \end{array}\right.$ | 1 |
| (b) | Determine the solution of the difference equation by Z-transform: $y_{k+1}+\frac{1}{4} y_{k}=\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{k}, k \geq 0, y(0)=0 .$ | 2 |
| (c) | State and prove Lagrange's theorem. $<$ | 3 |
| (d) | Solve the recurrence relation $a_{n}=2 a_{n-1}-3$ for $n>0$, with the initial condition $a_{0}=4$. | 4 |
| (e) | (i) Minimize the following Boolean expression using k-map: $x y+x^{\prime} y+y^{\prime} x .$ <br> (ii) Explain AND Gate, OR Gate, NOT Gate, and also construct their logic circuits. | 5 |

## SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:
$10 * 1=10$

| Qno | Questions | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Solve the following simultaneous equations using Laplace transform: <br> $\frac{d^{2} x}{d t^{2}}+5 \frac{d y}{d t}-x=t \& 2 \frac{d x}{d t}-\frac{d^{2} y}{d t^{2}}+4 y=2$. | 1 |
| (b) | Find inverse Laplace transform of $\log \left(1+\frac{1}{p^{2}}\right)$. | 1 |

4. Attempt any one part of the following:
$10 * 1=10$

| Qno | Questions | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}=\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}}, x>0, t>0$ subject to the conditions | 2 |
|  | $(i) u=0$, when $x=0, t>0$ | (ii) $u=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}1, & 0<x<1 \\ 0, \quad x \geq 1\end{array}, t=0\right.$. |

5. Attempt any one part of the following: $\quad 10 * 1=10$

| Qno | Questions | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Test the validity of the following argument. <br> "It is not sunny and it is cold." "We will swim only if it is sunny." "If we do <br> not swim, then we will canoe." "If we canoe, then we will be home early." <br> Therefore "We will be home early". | 3 |
| (b) | Show by algebra of proposition: <br> $\neg(\neg \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{q}) \vee(\mathrm{p} \wedge \neg \mathrm{q}) \equiv \neg \mathrm{q}$, where $\equiv$ represents logical equivalent. | 3 |

6. Attempt any one part of the following:
$10 * 1=10$

| Qno | Questions | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Prove the following by mathematical induction for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$. <br> $1.2 .3+2.3 .4+\cdots \ldots \ldots+n(n+1)(n+2)=n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3) / 4$ | 4 |
| (b) | A large software development company employs 100 computer programmers. <br> Of them, 45 are proficient in Java, 30 in C\#, 20 in Python, six in C\# and Java, <br> one in Java and Python, five in C\# and Python, and just one programmer is <br> proficient in all three languages above. | 4 |
| Determine the number of computer programmers that are not proficient in any <br> of these three languages. |  |  |

7. Attempt any one part of the following:
$10 * 1=10$

| Qno | Questions | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Prove that a poset has at most one greatest element and one least element. | 5 |
| (b) | (i) Define Least and Greatest element of a Poset. <br> (ii) Describe the power set of $\mathrm{S}=\{\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}\}$. Draw the Hasse diagram of $(\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{S})$, <br> $\subseteq$ <br> ©) and write the greatest, least, maximal and least element of $(\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{S}), \subseteq) . \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{S})$ <br> is denoting power set of S. | 5 |

